

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 146. Vol. III.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1872.

[Price 6d.]

## Cromwell Advertisements



**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes  
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's  
Twist, Old Sport, andromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.  
Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff  
SPIRITS.  
Islay Whisky—Arbegg's and Long Jones'  
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case  
J.D.K.Z. Geneva  
Burnett's Old Tom  
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk  
Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's  
CORDIALS.  
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.  
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

## WAKATIP BREWERY.

**MESSRS SURMAN AND DAVIS**  
beg to inform the Public of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that, in order to meet the constantly increasing demand for their

## ALES,

they have appointed Messrs D. A. JOLLY & Co. their AGENTS IN CROMWELL.

Messrs D. A. JOLLY and Co. will from this date be in a position to supply Wakatip Ale (of prime quality) in bulk or bottle, at prices that will defy competition.

Ale or Porter, 12s per doz.

Queenstown, October 30, 1871.

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT ASSORTMENT OF  
**IRONMONGERY,**

Reg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and Brooms; Axes and Hammers; Manilla Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvas; Hose Pipes.—Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co.'s with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s**  
**DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,**  
CROMWELL.

## Cromwell Advertisement

**I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,**  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, winceys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Carpets.**—In tapestry, felt, all-wool kidderminster, drugget; hearth-rugs.

**Matting.**—China and coir; oilcloth, door-mats.

**Ironmongery.** Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes,

balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bitts,

black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, cof-

fin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrapers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, fry-

ing-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters,

glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers

(all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards,

kettles, lanterns, locks, ladders, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring

tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping,

ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles

and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, scanning twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-

shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves,

shot, steelyards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, tuc-

irons, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing

cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 4, 4, 4, 1, 1, 1 inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3 x 1, 3 x 1, 3 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

**Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.**—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green,

blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal

varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage,

and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Tinware** of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Crockery.**—A large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.**—large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single,

and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillimore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking;

easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodies, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

**Leather.**—Crap, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

**Grindery.**—A large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on

getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens,

imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster;

Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabucco, Havana, Princess, and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files,

blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases,

envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mucilage,

ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards,

pocket-books, purses, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow.

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—from every flower that breathes a fragrance.

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured ex-

pressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and

single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; balsters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; deny, stock, green hide, and all over hogskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds;

valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stir

rup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dry harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hemp knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various

kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatip.—

We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Auelade); pollard, bran, oats,

wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Manilla rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-

directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

## Cromwell Advertisements

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge

Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,**  
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),

GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND  
MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES ..... 12s.

DRAUGHT " ..... 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,

Veterinary Shoeing Forge

**WILLIAM BARNES, JUNR.,**  
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH,

(Opposite Smith's Kaurau Hotel).

WILLIAM BARNES, Junr., desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding District that he has commenced business as a

**BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,**

in New Premises,

situated opposite Smith's Kaurau Hotel.

His long practical experience in all branches of the Business, combined with MODERATE CHARGES, will, he trusts, secure to him a fair share of public patronage.

On and after 20th June, 1872, the prices for SHOEING will be as follows:—

LIGHT HORSES ..... 12s. per set.

DRAUGHT HORSES ..... 17s. per set.

Every Branch of the Business attended to.

**BARNES'S**  
VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,  
CROMWELL.



**THE CROMWELL BAKERY**

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.**

I. WRIGHT,

FAMILY GROCER.

—o—

Crockery, Glassware, Musical Instruments,

Brushware, Stationery, Patent Medicines

Fancy Goods and Toys of every description

Paperhangings, Glass, Oils, Colours,

Paint, Varnish, Glue, Cue Tips, &c.

Thompson's Cement for Cue Tips

English & Colonial Newspapers

and Magazines | Oats & Chaff.

**CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD**  
LATE MR GRANT'S

**NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD**

**JAMES TAYLOR,**

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger



&c., &c., &c.

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material

suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST

PRICES compatible with Good Material and

Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may

be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings

Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs

Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners'

Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope,

SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

## Cromwell

**LADIES' SEMINARY,**  
Ennisclort-street.

MRS WILKINSON,

Having opened the above-mentioned Establishment, trusts that by perseverance, and strict attention to her pupils, she may merit continued patronage.

The Course of Study comprises Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Plain and Ornamental Needlework; with oral lessons on the Globes, Geography, Grammar, and History. Accomplishments: Music, French, and Drawing.

BOARDERS TAKEN ON MODERATE TERMS.



CROMWELL.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**  
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\*. Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**  
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

**COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,**  
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL. CROMWELL.

**F. SANSON, SADDLER**  
AND  
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

GROCERIES. GROCERIES.

WE have much pleasure in intimating to the public that, at the request of a number of our customers, and in order to meet the increasing demands of the district, we are adding to our other departments, a choice and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold at prices commensurate with the supply of a good article.

We have bought for CASH, and have now on sale:—

Coffee, Cocoa, and Chocolate,—superior quality.

Teas, in chests, half-chests, and boxes,—splendid value.

Candles: Neva Stearine, de Roubaix's, and Paraffin.

Sugar: white and brown.

Jams: Tainsh's and Colonial.

Honey: in 1lb tins.—Salt: fine or coarse, in jars and bags.

Hams and Bacon: Sinclair's, Coey's, Colonial.

Soaps: various kinds.—Soda Crystals; Bicarbonate of Soda.

Akaroa Cheese and Butter.—Pickles, Sauces, Fruits, Raisins, Currants, Pepper, Mustard, Maizena, &c. &c. &c.

Tobaccos: in different brands.

Kerosene, Castor, and Salad Oils.

Potatoes, Wheat, Oats, Chaff, &c.,

For other departments see general advertisement.

I. HALLENSTEIN &amp; CO.,

Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and at Melbourne.

## Cromwell

**JUNCTION COMMERCIAL HOTEL,**  
CROMWELL.

JOSEPH HARDING begs to intimate that he has purchased from Mr G. W. GOODGER the above large and centrally-situated Hotel, and is now in a position to offer accommodation of a superior description to all who may favor him with their patronage.

His past experience in the WINE and SPIRIT trade, will he trusts, be a sufficient guarantee that the Spirits and Malt Liquors served will be as pure as on the day they left the vintery or the distillery.

The BEDROOMS, PRIVATE PARLORS, &c., are fitted up in the best style, and every attention will be paid to secure the comfort and convenience of visitors.

Large and Comfortable

BILLIARD ROOM,

Fitted with one of Alcock's Tables.

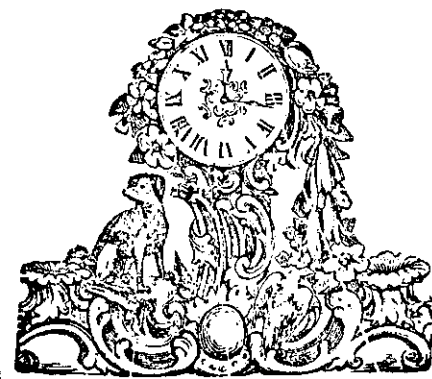
Particular attention has been paid to the STABLES

In connection with the Hotel, and the public may rely on

Every Care being taken of their HORSES.

MEALS ready at ALL HOURS of the day.

J. HARDING.



P. SMITH,

**WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER**  
CROMWELL,

(Adjoining Lindsay's Blacksmith's Shop).

EDWARD MURRELL,  
CHRONOMETER,  
WATCH, AND CLOCK MAKER

FROM  
Mr J. HISLOP'S, Princes-st., Dunedin,  
BEGS respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that he has commenced business in the above line in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business, and punctuality, to receive a share of public patronage.  
All work guaranteed for twelve months.  
Lowest possible charges consistent with good Workmanship.  
All kinds of Watches, Clocks, and Musical Boxes cleaned and repaired.—Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted, and Just Received, Consignment of First-class Watches, Clocks and Jewellery.  
Observe the address:—Adjoining MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

**BELFAST STORE,**  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE, &c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

**JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of**  
PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE;

CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &amp;c., &amp;c.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Cromwell Timber Yard.

## Cromwell

**PLASNETTS COLLIERY,**  
(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)

DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,  
COAL MERCHANTS,  
CROMWELL,

Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of very superior quality at current prices,—viz., 20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

The seam of coal in the PLASNETTS COLLIERY is admittedly the best ever opened in the district, and the proprietors confidently solicit a share of public patronage.

Regular Customers may depend upon being kept constantly supplied.

**JUNCTION BAKERY**  
CROMWELL.

C. W. WRIGHT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the District.

THOMAS FOOTE,

**TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,**  
MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

**SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION**  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

**MR H. W. SMYTHIES,**  
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

**VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL**  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN &amp; CO.,

AGENTS,

CROMWELL 89

## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON &amp; HALLENSTEIN,

Brunswick Flour Mills,

LAKE WAKATIP.

**CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.**

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature: and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

## Bannockburn

**WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,**  
(Late of Logantown),**GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,**

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business, and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

## Bannockburn

**STUART'S FERRY**  
KAWARAU RIVER.

Main crossing-place between Cromwell the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free

## THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

**BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STOP**  
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,  
(On the Main Road to the Nevis)

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &amp;c.

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAVEL the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

BEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE which is on the direct road to Bannockburn the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor

**BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD**  
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet increasing requirements of those districts has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

**CARRICK RANGE HOTEL**  
QUARTZVILLE,

(In the immediate vicinity of the Carrick Range)

THOMAS HAZLETT - Proprietor

Having purchased from Mr JOHN McCOMBS the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, I am now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour me with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished with the most complete scale, regardless of expense, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

**COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,**  
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

An excellent SIX-STALLED STABLE attached to the premises, and a careful groom always in attendance.

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T. HAZLETT

**BANNOCKBURN COAL MERCHANTS,**  
LOGAN & SMITH,

Having obtained a lease of the above known Coal Works, beg to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Arrow, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that they are prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth, or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards according to distance.

N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn Cromwell twice a week. Loading and unloading back on reasonable terms.

Bendigo

**JOSIAH MITCHINSON,**  
Wholesale and Retail  
**STOREKEEPER,**  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
WAKEFIELD STORE,  
(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),  
BENDIGO.  
GOODS DELIVERED  
At all ports of the Reefs.  
BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on all accounts due over two months.

Luggate

**ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,**  
LUGGATE,  
2½ miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.  
H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.  
This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.  
Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.  
GOOD STABLING.  
N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

**WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.**  
The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.  
The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.  
An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a Paddock, for horses.  
THEODORE RUSSELL, Proprietor.

Alexandra

**MANUHERIKIA BREWERY, ALEXANDRA**  
THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.  
Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.  
Orders left with  
Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;  
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;  
at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.  
THEYERS AND BECK,  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

Nevis

I HAVE never seen so GREAT A VARIETY of GOODS, and of such SUPERIOR QUALITY, anywhere else as is now ON SALE at the  
**BRITISH STORES, NEVIS.**

Clyde

**MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE,**  
M. MARSHALL,  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.  
Prescriptions carefully prepared.  
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.  
Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.  
Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

Queenstown

**ROBERT BOYNE,**  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,  
Queenstown, Lake Wakatip.  
A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.  
Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

[A CARD.]

**D. POWELL,**  
AUCTIONEER, &c.  
SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.  
OFFICE:  
Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)

Arrowtown

**R. PRITCHARD,**  
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.  
The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.  
A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.  
Agent for T. ROBINSON & Co., Agricultural Implement Manufacturers, Dunedin & Melbourne

Miscellaneous

**MONEY TO LEND,**  
ON  
FREEHOLD SECURITY.  
Apply to  
GEORGE CLARK,  
Secretary Building Society,  
Clyde.

**J. C. CHAPPLE,**  
AUCTIONEER.  
Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

NOTICE.

**POISON** for DOGS is laid on ARDGOUR STATION. ALEX. McLEAN, Manager.

NOTICE.

**POISON** for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date. I. LOUGHNAN.  
Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27th

**MR JOHN RICHARDS,**  
BANNOCKBURN STORE,  
Having made arrangements to let his Premises, and wishing to reduce his Stock,

Is prepared to SELL, for cash, at a TRIFLE OVER DUNEDIN COST.

**MR LAKE,**  
SURGEON, CROMWELL,

may be consulted at the premises adjoining Mr

C. W. WRIGHT's, baker and confectioner.



**CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.**  
PRELIMINARY NOTICE.  
The SPRING MEETING will be held on  
FRIDAY, 27th SEPTEMBER.  
Programme in future issues.  
WILLIAM MACNAB,  
Secretary.

**PRINTING**  
THE ART PRESERVATIVE OF ALL ARTS.

CROMWELL ARGUS

General Printing Office,  
MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & FENWICK.

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE  
PRINTERS,

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

**PRINTING**

OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, CARDS, COLORED, EMBOSSED.  
In endless variety of style.

ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, Soirees, &c. &c.

BALL PROGRAMMES,

NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars,

Printed in New and Elegant Type,

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIPTS,

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON BEST HAND-MADE PAPER.

POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes

Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING

*Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne*—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of spirits, delusions, unfitness for business or study, failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude, want of power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (ozonic oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers throughout the colonies, from whom pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad. Wholesale agents for New Zealand:—Kempthorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

Extraordinary efficacy of *Holloway's Pills* in the cure of dropsy.—The wife of Mr W. Gardner, of Hanging Houghton, had been most dreadfully afflicted with dropsy—so bad, that she was confined to her bed, and tapped three times in the course of a few months. She had recourse to *Holloway's Pills*, and by steady perseverance and strict adherence to the system laid down in the printed instructions, the disease was conquered, and for eighteen months past there has been no accumulation of water. She can walk about with the greatest ease and comfort, and is daily gaining flesh and strength.

MISCELLANEA.

Speaking of the late finding of a nugget of 538ozs weight, near Dunolly, the *Express* gives the following particulars:—“This prize was found at the Shoots, about three miles from here, in the wall of an old trench that had been cut about nine years ago, when a large number of men were at work in the locality, and an immense quantity of gold was being obtained,—principally in nuggets, varying from a few pennyweights up to hundreds of ounces in weight. The successive rainfalls had, with the continuous washing and crumbling away of the soil, brought this handsome little fortune into daylight to be dropped upon by a hard-working miner named Davy, who was passing by, and seeing what looked like a speck of gold, he applied his pick, and knocked out his long-sought pile. A piece weighing 197ozs was, at the time above referred to, obtained in close proximity to the piece under notice.”—The same paper, in a subsequent issue, says:—“On Sunday last a poor but honest man, wishing to see the last upon earth of a departed friend, and being, as he thought, too poorly clad to join in the funeral procession, took his stand on a heap of pipeclay in Quaker's Gully to watch the departure of the cortege, when, looking down, he observed something glistening, bright and yellow. Judging it to be gold, he stooped, and picking it up, was delighted to find himself possessed of a nugget weighing just nine ounces, and worth £36. The fortunate finder of the 538ozs piece, reported in our columns last week, unearthed a nice little bit of 50ozs on Friday last, giving him about £200 more to add to his previously acquired little fortune.”

A simple mode of avoiding the spread of small-pox has been discovered in Alabama. They let the patient die safely by himself, hire a negro to bury him, and shoot the negro as soon as the interment is finished.

The *Californian Chronicle* reports:—Developments have recently been made at Gwin mine in Lower Gulch, unparalleled in the history of quartz operations in the Californian State. A stratum of rock has been discovered in the main shaft, at a depth of 400 feet, that for richness eclipses anything of which we ever heard or read. The strangest feature in the development is, however, that the rock recently discovered so closely resembles the slate of which the walls of the lead are composed, that it has heretofore been taken out and thrown away with other debris from the mine. The stratum mentioned lies next to the foot wall, and is about a foot in width and thickness. In colour and formation it so nearly resembles slate that it requires a close examination to distinguish the two from each other. It was discovered that this singular deposit, instead of being slate, was a mass of sulphurets, carrying free gold in abundance.

Mr Klaes, who was known among his acquaintances by the name of King of Smokers, has just died near Rotterdam. According to the Belgian papers, he had amassed a large fortune in the linen trade; and had erected near Rotterdam a mansion, one portion of which was devoted to the arrangement of a collection of pipes according to their nationality and chronological order. A few days before his death he summoned his lawyer, and made his will, in which he directed that all the smokers in the country should be invited to his funeral, that each be presented with 10lbs of tobacco and two Dutch pipes of the newest fashion, on which should be engraved the name, arms, and date of the decease of the testator. He requested all his relatives, friends, and funeral guests to be careful to keep their pipes alight during the funeral ceremonies, after which they should empty the ashes from their pipes on the coffin. The poor of the neighbourhood who attended to his last wishes were to receive annually, on the anniversary of his death, 10lbs of tobacco and a small cask of good beer. He desired that his oak coffin should be lined with the cedar of his old Havana cigar-boxes, and that a box of French caporal should be placed at the foot of his coffin. His favourite pipe was to be placed by his side, along with a box of matches, a flint and steel, and some tinder, as he said there was no knowing what might happen. A clever calculator has made out that Mr Klaes had, during his eighty years of life, smoked more than four tons of tobacco, and had drunk about 500,000 quarts of beer.

The following epitaph is to be seen on a tombstone in Louisville:—

“Beneath this stone our baby lays,  
He neither cries nor hollers;  
He lived but one-and-twenty days,  
And cost us forty dollars.”



## KAWARAU HOTEL, CROMWELL.

F. BASTINGS, late of the Commercial Hotel, Lawrence, having taken the above Hotel, hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

N.B.—GOOD STABLING.

### NOTICE.

ANY Person having STOCK on this Run will require to have them REMOVED by the 1st September,—otherwise they will be impounded.

(Signed) HENRY CAMPBELL.  
Wanaka Station, 7th August, 1872.

## LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of the "Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged, forbidding the same, on or before the 21st day of September, 1872:—

Sections 5, 6, 7, 27, block II.; sections 27, 29, 30, 35, 36, block III.; section 4, block V.; sections 2, 3, 4, 22, block VI., Town of Cromwell. JAMES TAYLOR MACKERRAS and WILLIAM STAVELY, both of Dunedin, merchants, applicants.—750-757.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.  
Dated this 6th day of August, 1872, at the Lands Registry Office, Dunedin.

D. F. MAIN,  
District Land Registrar.

## CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY COMPANY, REGISTERED.

Notice is hereby given, that a CALL of 2s. 6d. per Share has been made by the Directors of the above Company,—making, with the 1s. on application and 2s. 6d. on allotment, 6s. called up. All Shareholders are requested to PAY, either to the Manager or to the Company's account at the Bank of New South Wales, Cromwell, an amount which, taken together with what they have previously paid, will make up an amount equal to 6s. per share upon the number of shares applied for by them.

N.B.—The Cutting of the Race will be commenced directly the weather breaks: the money must therefore be paid forthwith.

H. W. SMYTHIES,  
Legal Manager.

Cromwell, Aug. 19, 1872.

Re Estate of Mr JOHN HALLIDAY, of Bannockburn.

A FINAL DIVIDEND of — in the £ will be payable in the course of a week or two to all those who have duly proved their claims. For Trustees,

JAMES COWAN.

Cromwell, Aug. 20, 1872.

GRAND AUCTION BAZAAR in aid of the funds of the DUNSTAN DISTRICT HOSPITAL, (under the management of the Cromwell Local Committee,) will be held in KIDD'S CONCERT HALL, on

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 19.

A large number of contributions have already been received, consisting of

FARM PRODUCE, COAL, CORDIALS, JEWELLERY, CONFECTIONERY, BOOTS, FANCY GOODS.

Further contributions will be thankfully received by the Secretary, or any member of Committee.

C. COLCLOUGH, Hon. Sec.

Sale to commence at EIGHT O'CLOCK sharp. REMEMBER—MOONLIGHT.

JULES LA FONTAINE, WHEELWRIGHT,

Begs to inform the public that he will be at Cromwell three days in each week,—MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY; when he will be prepared to execute all orders and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

During the rest of the week, he will be at Clyde.

Premises in Cromwell:  
Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

FOR SALE.—A French TIP DRAY (new). Price, £18. Apply to JULES LA FONTAINE.

## New Advertisements.

### APPLICATION for an EXTENDED CLAIM.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to me by AN TI, QUON CHUNG, AN UN, SEON TUNG, and YE SAM to declare that that portion of the Otago Goldfields described in the Schedule hereto annexed may be occupied in claims of one acre per man, under Section 1, Regulation VI., of the Otago Gold-fields Rules and Regulations; and the said application will be heard at Cromwell, on Thursday, the 12th day of September, 1872. Objections (if any) to the granting of such application must be lodged at the Warden's office, Cromwell, within fourteen days from this date.

B. R. BAIRD,  
pro Warden.

Cromwell, 22nd August, 1872.  
(SCHEDULE.)

All that area containing five acres, situate at Nevis Gorge, three miles above the Nevis township, bounded on the north by the extended claim of Sang Wae and party, south by Crown Lands, east by Crown Lands, and west by Crown Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to me by ALFRED M'INN and twenty-one others, to declare that that portion of the Otago Goldfields described in the Schedule hereunto annexed may be occupied in claims of one acre per man, under Section 1, Regulation VI., of the Otago Gold-fields Rules and Regulations; and the said application will be heard at Cromwell, on Thursday, 12th September, 1872. Objections (if any) must be lodged at the Warden's office, Cromwell, within fourteen days of this date.

B. R. BAIRD,  
pro Warden.

Cromwell, Aug. 22, 1872.  
(SCHEDULE.)

All that portion of the Otago Gold-fields comprised within the following boundaries:—Commencing on the east side of Kawarau River at Stuart's punt, thence by the said river to the Kirtleburn, thence by the Kirtleburn to its source in the Mount Pisa Range, thence by the said Range to a point due north of the starting point.

### APPLICATION for a GOLD MINING LEASE.

August 22, 1872.

To the Warden at Cromwell.  
Sir,—I have paid to the District Surveyor the sum required for the survey of the following Gold Mining Lease Application, as required by the Gold Mining Leases Regulations of Otago; and I agree, if my application (the particulars of which are hereunder set forth) be investigated, that such sum shall in all respects be held subject to the terms of such regulations; and that upon approval of this application, I will execute a Lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

GEORGE FACHE,  
Legal Manager.

Name and address in full of applicant:—Aurora Quartz Mining Company, Registered. Registered Office: Sunderland-street, Clyde.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business:—Aurora Quartz Mining Company, Registered.

Extent of Land applied for:—16 acres.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the Lessee:—(1) For the first six months, four men; (2) Subsequently, when in full work, twenty men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested:—£7000.

Proposed mode of working the land:—Quartz mining.

Precise Locality:—Bendigo.

Term for which lease is required:—15 years.

Time of commencing operations:—When certificate is issued.

General Remarks:—There is on the claim a 22ft. water-wheel, and a battery of ten stamps.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me at Cromwell on the 26th September, 1872. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a mining lease upon the above application must, within thirty-four clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office at Cromwell.

E. H. CAREW,  
Warden.

FOR SALE, by Private Contract,—A valuable WATER RIGHT and GOLD MINING CLAIM, situated at the KAWARAU GORGE. Further particulars on application to WILLIAM MACNAB, Sharebroker, Cromwell.

## CROMWELL SPRING MEETING.

FRIDAY, 27th SEPTEMBER, 1872.

### STEWARDS:

Messrs Cowan, Loughnan, Kidd, Dagg, Marsh, and Taylor.

Judge—Mr J. Harding.

Starter—Mr James Dawkins.

Clerk of the Course—Mr Owen Pierce.

### HANDICAPPERS:

Messrs Cowan and Dagg.

### PROGRAMME.

Maiden Plate of 10 sovs. Open to all horses that have never won an advertised prize of more than 5 sovs., (hack or other). 3 yrs, Sst.; 4 yrs, 9st.; 5 yrs and aged 10st. Distance, three-quarters of a mile. Entrance, 15s.

Spring Handicap of 25 sovs. Distance, a mile and a half. Nominations, 15s; acceptances, 20s.

Selling Race of 15 sovs. Open to all horses. The winner to be sold for £15: any surplus to go to the Race Fund. No weight under 10st.  $\frac{3}{4}$ -mile heats. Entrance, 15s.

Handicap Trotting Race of 5 sovs. Distance, two miles. No weight under 11st. Entrance, 10s.

Hack Race of 10 sovs. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize of over £20. Winners of £15 or £20 to carry a penalty of 7lbs. Distance, one mile. No weight under 10st. Entrance, 15s.

Entries for the Maiden Plate to be lodged with the Secretary at or before 8 o'clock p.m. on Thursday, September 26.

Nominations for the Spring Handicap to be made not later than 12 o'clock noon on September 23. Weights to be declared same day, and to appear in CROMWELL ARGUS of 24th.

WILLIAM MACNAB,  
Secretary.

TENDERS WANTED for Leasing the DEVIL'S GULLY WATER RACE,—either two or four shares.

This race carries Four Shice-heads, and commands a large area of auriferous ground situated between Quartz Reef and Rocky Points.

For further particulars, apply to

WILLIAM MACNAB,

Sharebroker, Cromwell;

Or to

JOHN PERRIAM,

Lowburn.

## CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

### SERVICES FOR SEPTEMBER.

SUNDAY MORNING, September 1, at 11 a.m.

SUNDAY EVENING, September 15, at 7 p.m.

SUNDAY MORNING, September 29, at 11 a.m.

M. FRAER,

Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.

## KAWARAU GORGE.

An Entertainment in aid of the Building Fund of the Gorge Town-hall will be given on FRIDAY, 13th September.

Particulars next week.

## COLLEEN BAWN Q. M. COMPANY.

A MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at CARRICKTON on FRIDAY, the 30th inst., at 2 p.m.

All claims upon the Company must be rendered before the date of meeting to the Manager, otherwise they will not be recognised.

By order.

### APPLICATION for an EXTENDED CLAIM.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to me by CHOW YONG to declare that that portion of the Otago Gold-field described in the Schedule hereunto annexed may be occupied in Claims of one acre per man, under Section 1, Regulation VI., of the Otago Gold-fields Rules and Regulations; and the said application will be heard at Cromwell on THURSDAY, 12th day of September 1872. Objections (if any) to the granting of such application, must be lodged at the Warden's Office, Cromwell, within fourteen days from this date.

B. R. BAIRD,

Pro Warden.

Cromwell, August 27, 1872.

(SCHEDULE.)

All that area, containing one acre, situate in Pipeclay Gully, Carriek, and adjoining (on the lower or north-eastern boundary) the extended claim of Skinner and others.

## CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

### MAILS CLOSE.

For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at p.m.  
For Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.  
For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queenstown every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, 9 p.m.  
For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, and Cardrona every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.  
For Bannockburn and Nevis, every alternate Monday, at 9 a.m.  
For money orders and registered letters, not later than 2.30 p.m.

### MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 9 a.m.  
From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Tuapeka, and Teviot, every Friday, at 9 a.m.  
From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 3 p.m.  
From Cardrona, Alberton, Luggate, Bendigo every Thursday, at 3 p.m.  
From Nevis and Bannockburn, every alternate Wednesday, at 11 a.m.

J. G. BALLARD,

Postmaster.

### BIRTH.

At Carriekton, on the 17th inst., the wife of THOMAS HUDSON, of a daughter.

### DEATHS.

At Carriekton, on the 22nd inst., ARICE, infant daughter of Mr THOMAS HUDSON.

At Ellerslie Cottage, Cromwell, on the 24th inst., MARY, the beloved wife of Mr JAMES BROWN, aged 26.

## Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1872.

A sensational rumour, which has since happily proved to be not only untrue, but without foundation, gained extensive currency throughout the Bannockburn district on Sunday last; and was not long in reaching Cromwell, where it also received all but universal credence. Perfidy, revenge, and murder were the basis upon which the tale was founded; and the name of a much-respected gentleman was mixed up with the matter in a most degrading connection. On Monday morning, however, belief in the rumour was dispelled; and it was said that the whole affair originated in the distempered imagination of a besotted dipsomaniac. Whether maliciousness had any part in the propagation of the story we are not aware; but in any case it is to be hoped that the author of such a scandalous and dastardly report will be made to suffer for his folly.

The contract for conveyance of mails between Cromwell, Quartzville, and Carriekton, once weekly each way, for a period of four months, has been secured by Mr John Hurley, who is also contractor for the Carriekton and Nevis mails. The days of arrival and departure of the Carriek mail will be stated in our next issue. The service commences at the beginning of next month (September).

The following letters remained unclaimed at the Bannockburn Post-office on the 24th inst.:—Alex. McLeod, 2; Frederick Rover, 1; Robert Barnes, 1; Robert Williams, 1; Wm. Roady, 1; Fred J. Congrave, 1; Kurlenia Benjamin, 1; Wm. Robertson, 1; Thomas Davies, 1; James Sealy, 1; C. Hickey, Esq., 1.—and one registered letter addressed, Wm. Bruce, senior.

We have been requested to remind those interested that the Rev. J. Jones will celebrate the Holy Communion here on Sunday next.

The civil cases set down for hearing at the Resident Magistrate's Court on Thursday last were all withdrawn, adjourned, or otherwise disposed of prior to the opening of the Court.

We are informed that Mr Brian Helder, of Bendigo, has disposed of the whole of his mining and other property in that locality to Mr Thomas Baird, of Naseby, who intends removing to Bendigo at an early date.

The vacancy caused in the Clyde Municipal Council by the resignation of Mr Andrew Brough, was filled up last Saturday, when Mr James Hazlett was returned by a majority of three over the other candidate, Mr Welsch, who polled 17.

Private letters received in Cromwell yesterday from Mr W. J. Barry conveyed intelligence that our old acquaintance has at last reached Bathurst. The letters, we believe, contain only ambiguous allusions to the writer's prospects of obtaining the princely inheritance he went to secure.

The reputation of the Mosgiel tweeds manufactured by Messrs A. J. Burns and Co. has reached the Home country, and has led to the receipt of orders for several pieces of tweed and white serges. Samples have also been written for and forwarded to a Glasgow house in extensive business. We trust that the quality of the goods, which has already secured large consumption here, will secure equally favourable approval at Home.

Mr R. F. Badger, whose sudden and unexpected departure from Cromwell was the subject of a nine-days' wonder nearly two years ago, has at last turned up in Victoria. The mining-agent is now, or was recently, engaged as cook to a survey party in that colony.

The Melbourne correspondent of the *Daily Times* says:—It is rather remarkable the great depth at which mining is in some cases pursued in Victoria in quartz mines. The New North Clunes has a shaft down 1024 feet, and is about to drive to test the reef at that depth. The Magdala Company is down 950 feet, and it is believed that the reef will be struck some distance lower. This shaft will soon have cost the Company £20,000 without a speck of gold having been seen. There is a statement that the first company that obtains gold at or below 1000 feet will receive a Government bonus of £1000, but I don't know on what authority it rests.

The following from the *Oamaru Times* may be news to some of our readers:—There appears to be some misapprehension amongst our local sportsmen and others as to when the shooting season closes, and our attention has been called to the subject. According to the Act of 1867, the season commences in each year on the 1st April, and closes on the 31st July, but the Governor, by proclamation, has the power to extend the period when "native game" may be shot, and we find that by proclamation published in the General Government Gazette in the month of March, 1867, his Excellency exercised the power vested in him, and extended the time during which native game (except quail) could be shot from four to five months, viz., from the 1st April to 31st August in each year. There may be reason to doubt the propriety of allowing native game to be shot until such a period, as with respect to some birds it is too close on brooding season.

The occupations of the Armed Constabulary Force in the North Island are of a very miscellaneous character, varying from chasing Te Kooti and performing ordinary police duty, to sawing timber, mowing hay, sowing grass and potatoes, building huts, prospecting for gold, making roads, driving drays, fencing graveyards, &c., &c.

The diamond-seekers of Southern Africa must have had their pockets better lined than the diggers of New Zealand, as we see by reference to the *Natal Colonist* that a race meeting being advertised to take place at the mines, the site for the grand stand fetched £920, and that on the day following the purchase, no less than 3000 tickets for seats thereon were sold without difficulty at one guinea apiece.

Mr Malcolm M'Lennon, who figured in connection with the Clyde gold robbery case, has returned to the scene of his former adventures. This time he comes as the pioneer of a company for extracting gold from the bed of the river by the aid of pneumatic tubes. Practical dredgers scoff at the whole affair.

The residents of Naseby have memorialised the Superintendent to declare that township a municipality.

It will doubtless interest many of our readers to know that Mr J. J. Williams, who was at one time connected with the staff of this journal, is now engaged in a literary capacity on the *Bendigo Evening Star*.

We are requested to state that the Rev. B. Drake purposes preaching a funeral sermon next Sunday evening at 7.30, in the Cromwell School-house.

The Dunstan Spring Race Meeting is announced to be held on Friday and Saturday, 20th and 21st proximo. The programme for the first day comprises five events, and for the second day three events.

At the Moeraki Downs, Canterbury, a child has died from sucking the heads of lucifer matches.

The miners at Totara Lagoon, Grey district, are making from £6 to £17 a week each.

Chinese labour is entering into competition with that of Europeans on the goldfields of Victoria. The *Creswick Advertiser* states that "at the Australasian Company's claim an engagement has been made, through one of the directors, with a Chinese agent in Ballarat, for the supply of one hundred men at 27s. per week, to be forthcoming within ten days from Friday last. There was also an understanding made that one hundred more men would be put on shortly."

The Wellington correspondent of the *New Zealand Herald* writes:—"Otago is a central figure in the Legislature. Its lands, its laws, its politics, and its representatives are as obtrusive this session so far as in any former one. What a pity they cannot settle their differences at home, without washing their dirty linen in the Legislative Chamber. But it is unfortunately the case that appeals are or must be made to the Assembly, which involve waste of time and no small interruption in the despatch of public business. The only remedy I see is to abolish the Provinces altogether or greatly increase their legislative powers."

A great many lambs have died in the Tokomairiro district during the snow storm, which has now abated, and stock of all kinds which have been exposed to it in the paddocks have suffered severely.

The following facts regarding the Cromwell and Golden Link Companies' quartz-mines at Bendigo will afford some idea of the value and importance of these, the first opened and as yet most successfully developed of the gold-reefs in this district:—The Cromwell Company, from May 1869 to July 1872, has produced gold of the value of £23,000; and besides erecting the valuable machinery and works, constructing roads and other appliances, at a cost of over £10,000, and purchasing the share of the late Mr Garrett for £2000,—paid dividends amounting to nearly £9500. During the half-year ending 30th June 1872, the same Company paid dividends amounting to £1250.—The Golden Link Company has during the past two years produced gold amounting to £18,000, and during the same period has paid dividends amounting to nearly £9000.

The *Daily Times* has been shown by Mr Nuttall, a gentleman from Melbourne, the plans and specifications of a submarine boat and apparatus, designed by Mr Villains, for digging and sluicing under water, and intended to be used for that purpose in the gold-yielding rivers of New Zealand. Judging from the opinions of several engineers in Victoria, including Messrs A. K. Smith, H. O. Christopherson, W. Black, and J. Arnott, we should say that the principle is sound, and if properly carried out, the invention will fully answer the purpose for which it is intended. The apparatus consists of an iron boat, air and water-tight, capable of being sunk and raised when required, containing compressed atmospheric air sufficient for the support of three men for six hours, fitted internally with thirty feet of sluice, and all the machinery necessary for working the vessel and conducting the mining, at any depth down to eighty feet. We certainly consider the project well worthy of the consideration of our miners and others interested in river mining enterprises.

Accounts from the Maerewhenua gold-field are very encouraging. Water is plentiful, and the miners are all hard at work, and have good prospects. Several races are in course of construction, and another hotel and store has been erected. Under these circumstances it is not surprising to learn that all on the field are in good spirits, and full of hope.

The following particulars of the fatal accident reported in our telegraphic news last week are furnished by the *Evening Star*:—"On Thursday afternoon, a settler at Wickliffe Bay, named Garrick, went from home to go to his work; and shortly after his departure, Mrs Garrick, having occasion to leave the house for a few moments, left her three children to the care of her eldest son, who is about six years old. He appears to have lost no time in carrying out a proposition he made to the younger ones of playing at soldiers. Going to a desk where caps were kept, he obtained one, and getting from an outhouse where it was placed his father's fowling-piece, put the cap on the nipple, and, returning to the house, pointed the gun at one of his sisters, aged two and a half, and fired. The report of the discharge brought Mrs Garrick to the spot, and she entered the house in time to see her child draw its last breath. The shot had entered the poor little girl's abdomen."

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

### DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 9 A.M.

Mr J. C. Richmond will not contest the General Assembly election for Caversham. The only candidates, therefore, will be W. A. Tolmie and W. H. Cutten.

In the local sharemarket, Mr Hawkins reports sales of *Star of the East* at £5; Elizabeths have advanced in price, and two large parcels have been withdrawn from sale at £2 15s; Heart of Oaks remain at previous quotation, £6; and Nil Desperandum have risen slightly in price,—sellers asking 30s.

A Nelson telegram states that a new drive in the Perseverance Co.'s mine disclosed some rich specimens. One piece of stone 20lbs weight yielded 38ozs of gold.

The debate on Mr Stafford's want of confidence motion still continues.

## LAND SALE.

Mr J. C. Chapple, Government auctioneer for this district, held a sale of town allotments at noon on Thursday last, in the Town hall. The attendance was more than usually large, and the prices realised were such as to justify the belief that a much larger extent of land within the boundaries of the township would have met with a ready sale had it been offered for competition. A block of 64a 2r 2p, situate at the western extremity of the township, and recently surveyed in sections of five and a quarter to five and a half acres each, was offered in lots at the upset price of £2 per acre, and realised from £2 2s. to £5 11s. Sections 3 and 4, block X., were put up, but found no purchasers, as it was known that the allotments existed only on the maps, having long since been washed away into the Clutha river. For section 40, block I., situate at the rear of Mr Scott's premises, the bidding was very spirited, and the allotment was knocked down at £45. The following particulars regarding the sale will doubtless interest many of our readers:—

Section	Block	Acres	Upset Price	Price realised	Purchaser.
1	XVIII	5 1 11	£2 2		J. A. Preshaw
2	"	5 1 3	3 1		J. A. Preshaw
3	"	5 0 25	4 1		O. Pierce
4	"	5 1 0	4 0		J. Dawkins
5	"	5 1 34	5 1		W. Grant
6	"	5 1 34	4 2		W. Grant
7	"	5 1 34	3 15		J. Taylor
8	"	5 1 34	4 0		J. Taylor
9	"	5 1 34	4 10		J. Marsh
10	"	5 1 34	5 11		O. Pierce
11	"	5 1 33	3 5		M. Fraer
12	"	5 1 3	3 4		D. A. Jolly
40	I	—	£3	£45	M. Fraer
6	XIV	—	3	3	W. Grant
7	"	—	2	3	W. Grant

## CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

A meeting of this Club was held on the evening of Friday, the 23rd inst., at the Kawaran Hotel. The following members of committees were present—viz., Messrs Preshaw (president), Dawkins (vice-president), Jolly (hon. treasurer), Dagg, Taylor, Wrightson, Harding, and Heron. Several other members of the Club were also in attendance. The minutes of the preceding meeting having been read and confirmed, the Committee proceeded to arrange the programme for the Spring Races to be held on the 27th of next month. The total amount of stakes offered had been fixed by a former meeting at £65, and it was decided to apportion that sum as follows:—

1. Maiden Plate ... .. £10
2. Spring Handicap ... .. 25
3. Selling Race ... .. 15
4. Handicap Trotting Race ... 5
5. Hack Race ... .. 10

Messrs Cowan, Loughnan, Marsh, Taylor, Dagg, and Kidd were elected as stewards for the Spring Meeting; Mr J. Harding, judge; Mr J. Dawkins, starter; Mr O. Pierce, clerk of the course; and Messrs Cowan and Dagg, handicappers.

Messrs Dagg, Pierce, and Kidd were appointed a committee to canvass for subscriptions. A list handed round the room during the meeting resulted in an addition of £15 to the funds of the Club.

It was resolved that the privileges connected with the Spring Meeting should be sold by auction at four p.m. on Thursday, the 19th September.

Mr Jolly proposed, and the Committee unanimously elected, the following gentlemen as members of the Club—viz., Messrs K. Pretsch, A. W. Allanby, W. Burnes, jun., and J. G. Ballard.

The usual compliment to the President closed the meeting.

## CONCERT AT BANNOCKBURN.

There was a large gathering at the Bannockburn School-house, on Tuesday night last, to witness the entertainment given for the purpose of defraying the outstanding balance due on that building. The night being a moonlight one gave an opportunity to persons at a distance of being present on the occasion, and Carrickton and Cromwell were very fairly represented. When it is considered what difficulties and impediments lie in the way of getting up an affair of this kind, with any degree of success, in a district with such a scattered population, I think it will be admitted by all who were present at the performance on Tuesday evening, that the vocalists and others engaged succeeded in accomplishing the desired result,—that of giving to the public an attractive entertainment as ever has been offered "in these parts." The programme was an excellent one, and was adhered to throughout; the frequent plaudits of the audience, and the constant bursts of merriment evoked, bearing testimony to the tact and good taste displayed in the selection of songs, &c., by those amateurs who took the most prominent part in the arrangement of the evening's amusement.

An overture by the Band was well played, and was well received by the audience; after which "Erin, my Country," was sung by Mr Welling. This gentleman has a rich, mellow voice, admirably adapted for such a plaintive air. Mr Storey followed, with a song, which at once put the audience on good terms with him. A ballad by Mr Berry was encored,—praise in itself sufficient, without more being added. The dulcet tones of Mrs Jackson's voice imbued the audience with a desire to hear her again. She gracefully acceded to their request, her second song, if possible, excelling the first in sweetness. The universal acclamations of the audience followed a Scotch air by Mr Stuart, who has a cheerful and pleasant style of singing, which never fails to carry his hearers with him. Mr Woodward gave "Poor Joe the Marine" in his usual manly and vigorous manner. "Har Naimel" was sung by Mr McGregor, who indubitably contributed his share to the evening's amusement. This gentleman was followed by Mr P. Smith, of Cromwell. Without attempting to pass any encomiums on Mr Smith's abilities, I will simply say that the success of the entertainment was considerably augmented by his presence and services. Roars of laughter plainly attested the mirth-provoking qualities of this gentleman as a ludicrous imitator of character, and his "olio of characters" was a felicitous wind-up to the first part of the programme.

After a lapse of fifteen minutes, the "cullud passons," rejoicing in the appellation of the "Bannockburn Jawbreakers," made their first appearance. The "Jawbreakers" met with a cordial reception on coming upon the stage; and much fun and merriment was caused by the aged Jawbones and his Madagascarian fiddle. The fiddle is one of no mean dimensions, and is of a most bizarre description; quite a phenomenon amongst fiddles.

in fact. Under the able leadership of Mr Moore as "Johnson," this part of the programme passed off with much *elate*; the different choruses being well rendered, and the two corner-men (Messrs Chadwick and Humphries) emulating each other in their attempts to "bring down the house"; both of them having a choice budget of jokes, conundrums, and local hits, which at times fairly convulsed the audience. Mr Simpson's singing was much admired; and the concerted *finale*, the "Railway Galop," was capitally given by the company.

The floor was cleared of the seats at the termination of the concert, for the purpose of allowing those inclined for a dance to disport themselves on the light fantastic too; and morning dawned ere the last votary of Terpsichore left the roof of the Bannockburn School-house.

ORPHEUS.

## THE POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT.

The entertainment given at Kidd's Concert-hall on Thursday night last, in aid of the Athenaeum Hall fund, was of a varied character. No efforts appear to have been spared by the Committee on the occasion; and it is pleasant to record the fact that their exertions in so worthy a cause have been attended with such gratifying results. They have not only deserved success, but what is better, they have commanded it. Nor could it be otherwise, when consideration is taken of the tempting array of attractions held forth by them, and which were fully realised in the evening's performance. The hall was greatly beautified; the embellishments and decorations having been disposed throughout the spacious room in an elaborate and exceedingly tasteful manner. And although the assemblage of spectators was scarcely so numerous as on previous occasions of a similar nature, there were but few spare seats.

The entertainment opened with Rossini's well-known overture, *Italiana in Algeri*, to which the band did ample justice. The performers were Mr Whetter (ophicleide), Mr McIntosh (clarinet), Mr J. Escott and Master R. Whetter (cornets). The music was played with a degree of unisonance rarely equalled by instrumentalists who have not the advantage of frequent practice together. Mr Escott acquitted himself with his accustomed skill; and Mr McIntosh,—who I am informed acquired his musical skill in a military band,—contributed largely to the success of the overture. Mr Whetter and his son also added their quota of instrumental talent. As a cornet-player, Master Richard Whetter is making rapid strides towards the attainment of high excellence. He has a clever tutor in his father, whom he will, I believe, soon equal, if not surpass, as a musician.

The burlesque of "Bombastes Furioso" was put on the stage in a manner extremely creditable both to the performers and the scenic artist. The different characters were well sustained; and the singing was of no mean order. In short, the appropriate scenery, together with the handsome dresses of the actors, formed a *tout ensemble* that could not fail to satisfy the tastes of even the most discriminating and fastidious of audiences. Mr Jagger acted the rôle of Artaximous the King with marked ability; and his make-up was faultless. The same may be said of Mr Jolly as Fushos, the King's Minister. Mr Jolly possesses an excellent voice, and the metrical character of the dialogue enabled him to use it to advantage. Mr Smith's rendering of the part of General Bombastes was the best piece of amateur acting I have ever yet seen on a Cromwellian stage; and were this gentleman a little more conversant with the text of the piece, I doubt whether even a professional could delineate the character more faithfully. The gladiatorial combat between Fushos and the General gave a sort of tragic cast to the latter part of the performance, and evoked well-merited approbation from the audience. The committee were exceedingly fortunate in being favoured with the valuable and graceful services of a youthful lady (?) amateur, who will I hope pardon my want of courtesy in not before referring to her skillful acting. The closing scene in the burlesque, wherein the King is slain by the sword of Bombastes, who in his turn is vanquished by Fushos, was well managed; and the curtain fell amid the most enthusiastic demonstrations of applause.

Mr Colclough presided at the piano, and acquitted himself admirably as an accompanist throughout the performance of the burlesque.

After a short interval, the signal was given for commencing the second part of the programme, which was introduced with an instrumental solo. Beyond all praise was the exquisite playing of Mr McIntosh on the clarinet. He is a perfect master of his instrument; and has confidence in his skill and power to please and charm an audience, without the least tinge of arrogance or vanity. The airs played were "The Blue Bells of Scotland," and "The Last Rose of Summer," with variations on each. The solo was followed by the band playing a very pretty polka,—*"The Captive,"*—which was listened to with rapt admiration.

"Brevity is the soul of wit," is an old saying the "Kawaran Nightingales" would do well to ponder over. Not that I wish them to infer from this that they failed in their efforts to amuse the good folks of Cromwell; but still they are doubtless aware what "too much of a good thing" is apt to relapse into. Happily the Nightingales were assisted by a gentleman who has a plenitude of wit and humour ever at his command, and is one of the best corner-men that has here had the honour of beguiling and enlivening a gracious public.

CORUS.



## SCHEME FOR TURNING THE RIVER KAWARAU.

So many seeming impossibilities have been overcome, and so many gigantic schemes brought to successful issues, in this wonderful nineteenth century, that I am encouraged to lay before your readers a crude plan for the accomplishment of the above feat, which, although hardly to be classed as "gigantic," may be considered rather "big," even for Cromwell. Possibly, at the first blush, some people may say, "Pshaw! the man is insane," and dismiss the subject; but if they will be kind enough to bear with me, and note the figures given below, they may discover that at least there is method in my madness. I would propose to turn the Kawarau River from the Kawarau Gorge into the Clutha, at the bend in that stream where the timber-rafts used to be landed from the Wanaka Lake, and thus lay bare the auriferous treasures well known to exist throughout the present course (which would then be drained) of the former river, between the Gorge and Cromwell. I hope this will take away no one's breath: if so, recover yourselves, take it coolly, and we will proceed. In the first place, it may be asked,—By whom is it to be done? Well, if it could be satisfactorily shown that the Government would be completely recompensed for the outlay, they would be the fittest parties to enter on the speculation; or, failing them, a company might be formed for the object; and last, though not least, Mr Brogden, with his army of navvies, might be induced to take the matter into consideration. I am well aware that many difficulties will present themselves, in the way of arriving at a conclusion as to ways and means; but I imagine none will be found insuperable, if the matter is gone into earnestly and intelligently. Special legislation would doubtless be needed for the inauguration of the scheme, and this would be very much simplified by the Government themselves undertaking the work. The length of river would have to be accurately surveyed and marked off in (say) fifty-foot claims on both sides; the privilege of working one of which to be accorded on payment of (say) £3, for a special miner's right issued for these particular workings. The holders of these miners' rights might be employed, if they so wished, at the necessary excavation at a fixed rate of (say) six shillings per diem. I may here mention that I have put down this rate on the principle that, the work being in the end for the benefit of such claimholders, they ought to be satisfied, and probably would, with clearing expenses until they could get at the river bed; and so have based my calculations on this price for labour. When the ground is all taken up under such rules as the Government may deem fit and proper for working it, the new channel might be at once proceeded with between the points indicated. The distance I estimate at about five miles. Of course, I may be incorrect in this and also in other statements, as I merely propose to give rough estimates from local knowledge and memory, leaving all such as may be hereafter required to be prepared by those interested. I believe there is sufficient fall, and by preserving as near as possible a straight course, a channel fifty feet wide by six feet in depth, with a spoil embankment on the south side, would carry the waters of the Kawarau throughout the year easily; and by allowing a drop at the embouchure, a continual scour would go on cutting the channel still deeper. There is an excellent site for a dam in one spot at the Gorge, the river being very narrow at that part, with a slack current, and having perpendicular banks of bed rock. I have based my estimates on the supposition that each man employed, with proper appliances, would remove twelve cubic yards of earth per diem; and I know this to be a moderate computation, as I have seen similar material to that which mostly occurs on the Cromwell Flat, shifted at the rate of twenty-one cubic yards per man per day. As to the estimated yield of half an ounce per man per week for the time mentioned, all who know the river will say it is probably far below what would actually be obtained. Of course the entire bed would not be extraordinarily rich, but there are known places where the gold possibly exists in—well, we will say bucketful. I will now give the figures, which will be seen to be prepared ostensibly for the behoof of Government:—

### REVENUE.

7 miles of River on both sides =	
14 miles, in 50ft. claims = 1478	
claims, at 6s. per miner's right	£1434 0 0
1478 men at 4s. per week for 52	
weeks = 38,233s., at 2s. 6d. per	
ounce (duty) ... ..	4618 0 0
	£9952 0 0

### EXPENDITURE.

Channel, 5 miles x 50ft. x 6ft. =	
233,333 cubic yards, at 6s. ...	£7333 6 6
Construction of Dam ... ..	1000 0 0
Tools, Contingencies, &c. ... ..	1000 0 0
	£9333 6 6

The foregoing statement may be taken as pretty near the mark, and may convince the Government that they would be safe in undertaking the work. All that I have said is of course but a very cursory and imperfect review of so important a subject; but as such may serve to induce further ventilation, and if I succeed in drawing sober attention to its merits, I shall conclude the first step is made towards its initiation. There are many valuable and cogent considerations which might be adduced in its favour, but these can be forthcoming at a future date, if the matter is not allowed to share the fate of ideas of the Utopian order generally, and sink into oblivion. Of the importance of such an un-

dertaking to the town of Cromwell, it is needless to speak. The inhabitants are, I presume, fully alive to that. Apart from the setting afloat of such a nice little sum as £144,480, (the value of one year's yield,) that vexed question and *bête noir* of town councillors, the "water supply," would be for ever set at rest. If any of your numerous readers, and I imagine there must be many who have at times thought of such a scheme as the above, will come forward with their ideas on the subject, what may now be termed a dream will soon assume a real and tangible shape; at least, such is the hope of

Bendigo, Aug. 20, 1872.

VIATOR.

## DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O. P. Q.

The major portion of the new battery which Mr Thomas Logan purposes erecting at Pipeclay Gully is now on its way to your district. Accompanied by Mr Logan, I was afforded an opportunity for an inspection of the machinery the other day as it lay in Messrs Kincaid, McQueen, and Co.'s foundry; and certainly it seems deserving of the encomiums which have been passed upon it, for with its complete and perfect machine-work and its ponderous 5½ cwt. stampers, it seems capable of getting through an immense quantity of stuff. It is said to be the finest and most complete battery yet made in Otago; and being on the self-feeding principle, a great saving of labour in its working will be effected. It will probably be six weeks before the machinery is erected and work begun.

We have had a great municipal storm in a teapot over some telegrams which passed between Mr Ramsay, one of the Councillors, and the Town Clerks of some of the other Provinces at the time of the Mayoral election. Mr Fish and Mr Ramsay have been at loggerheads for some considerable time, and at the time the Mayor's salary was under discussion by the Council, the latter gentleman telegraphed to the Town Clerks of Christchurch, Wellington, and Auckland, requesting to be informed what salaries the respective Mayors of those cities received, the information being desired in order that it might weigh with the Council in their decision. Under the impression, no doubt, that Mr Ramsay was Town Clerk, replies came from the Mayors of Wellington and Auckland addressed to the Town Clerk, Dunedin, and as that gentleman had not sent any telegrams on the subject, he showed the messages he had received to the Mayor, to whom the mystery was quite inexplicable. Mr Fish came to the conclusion that some one had been unwarrantably using the Town Clerk's signature to gain information, and at a public dinner he made remarks in connection with the subject reflecting on some of the Councillors, who took great umbrage thereat; and hence the special meeting of Council to consider the question, at which the storm reached its climax. Finally the affair was patched up by the tacit understanding being arrived at that there should be no more naughty quarrellings and bickerings in the "happy" municipal family, but that in future the interests of the citizens should be attended to, and personal discords discarded. The Council is not by any means happily constituted, however, and it is very improbable that its discordant elements will assimilate in such a manner as to cause the interests of the city to be properly attended to.

The James Nicol Fleming, one of the greatest favourites among our home ships, arrived in port yesterday after making, as usual, a splendid passage. For the first time for many years, Captain Logan has arrived in Otago without his usual complement of immigrants from the Clyde, thanks to the interference of the Agent-General in the immigration arrangements of the Province. The arrivals by her are confined to a few cabin passengers. It is satisfactory, however, to note that instructions have been sent to Dr Featherstone by the General Government that Otago's immigration policy has to be respected, and her former arrangements for the shipment of immigrants direct from the Clyde reverted to.

The nomination of Mr J. C. Richmond at Caversham the other day for the representation of that district in the General Assembly, no doubt caused considerable surprise, not only to the majority of the people assembled, but also to the other candidates, Messrs Cutten and Tolmie. I understand that Mr Richmond was brought forward entirely without his knowledge or consent, the affair being arranged shortly before the nomination by a few of our politicians; and whether he will enter into the contest with any desire to gain the day, now that he is nominated, I cannot say. Even so, however, I do not think he will have the slightest chance of election. Mr Cutten and Mr Tolmie both seem sanguine of being at the head of the poll. The former gentleman must certainly be credited with the quality of perseverance in the matter of election contests, and that in no ordinary degree, for his defeats have been numerous and in some cases ignominious—the recent election for Waikouaiti to wit.

I hear that Mr Barnes, the member for Leith Ward in the City Council, is shortly to have presented to him by his constituents, a very handsome gold watch, in recognition of the good service he has done the Ward in his place in the Council; while their other member, Mr Thomson, seems to be coming in for any quantity of abuse and votes of "want of confidence" at the hands of indignant rate-payers for his neglect of their interests.

The number of men in New Zealand under military training is set down as follows:—Militia, 4233; Volunteers, 6558; Armed Constabulary, 723;—total, 11,554.

## TALES OF THE MOLYNEUX.

### A NARROW ESCAPE.

I once heard of a Dutchman who was relating an accident which occurred, when nine of his friends were drowned by the upsetting of a boat, and he alone escaped, and who said "it vash a very narrow eschape." When pressed for particulars, he coolly remarked that he "did not co in de boat." Well, the following accident which occurred to a friend of mine in the year eighteen hundred and—(no matter)—on the Molyneux, somewhat resembles the Dutchman's; inasmuch as "he did not co in de boat," and neither was he out of it, but, like Mahomet's coffin, he was suspended midway. It happened thus:—

My friend, whom I shall call Brown, was agent in charge of the ferries on the rivers for a contractor who had managed to obtain a monopoly of the entire traffic from an accommodating Superintendent, under the old Ferries Ordinance. Brown used to reside at Manuhirika, and being of a social turn, occasionally roused up the men at a rather late hour to cross him to his residence on the other side. This behaviour of his, often repeated, induced a civil growl on the part of the boatmen; so he told them one night, that in future they might sleep undisturbed if they would, on their last trip at night, leave one of the boats on the town side, and he would pull himself across. They did so, and thus produced the event I am coming to. One night, "at the time when churchyards yawn," Brown went down as usual to where the boat was hauled up in shallow water, cast loose the painter, and shoved her off. It appears that the boat, after lying some hours, settled down in the sand, so that the act of getting her afloat required a considerable exertion of strength; and as she immediately slid into deep water and a rapid current, some agility was also necessary to jump aboard. Now, whether from the darkness of the night or the effects of "John Stewart," deponent sayeth not,—but Brown failed to get altogether on board. He got one leg in, and caught the gunwale with one hand, the other leg being under the boat; and the current into which she had drifted passing over his body, effectually prevented him from securing an inside passage: thus, as I have before stated, he was half in and half out. The landlady of the hostel from which he had previously emerged, was holding a light above her head, outside, the reflection from which shone across the water. She saw the boat passing apparently untenanted, and neither seeing nor hearing her late guest, concluded he had fallen into the river. An alarm was instantly raised, and the hostess went into hysterics; but leaving her to recover, we will follow poor Brown on his perilous voyage. The boat, which was a light whaleboat twenty-five feet in length, had now fully got into the swift current, and Brown found it impossible to get on board; so on they went down the dark stream, with frowning rocks on either side: his body, acting as a rudder, kept the craft end on and well in the middle of the river. More than a mile had thus been passed over, when suddenly one of those eddies which occur so frequently in the river caught the boat and whirled her in shorewards, half upsetting her. As she careened over towards Brown, he managed by an almost superhuman effort to roll in, and immediately "Richard was himself again." An instant's survey showed him the shore a few feet off, and a small rock projecting above the current at the side of the boat. On this he placed his foot, and giving a good push, the vessel touched *terra firma*. He immediately jumped ashore, and holding the painter, he sat down to recover his wind. While thus engaged he heard another boat coming rapidly down stream, and from the sound of the rowlocks he knew it to belong to a local celebrity, who sailed under the rather rude but expressive appellation of "Hell-fire Jack," and who had been giving some considerable trouble by running his boat illegally in opposition to the orthodox Government ferry. From an observation dropped by him as he passed, coupled to an expression more forcible than polite, Brown found that they (there were two in the boat) were in search of him, and concluded to allow them to pass unchallenged. They soon disappeared in the gloom, and he proceeded to tow up stream. After two hours' work, he succeeded in getting back to his starting point, made the boat fast, and going up the bank, rapped at the hotel aforesaid. His ghost could not have produced more alarm, as the worthy people had given him up for lost; however, a few glasses of "Hennessy" set matters to rights, and after being congratulated on his narrow escape, Brown retired to bed to dream of dangers past. The gentleman with the warm patronymic, and his mate, proceeded down the river about fourteen miles, and then gave up the chase. They were two days in getting back, and were proportionally wroth at the "sell" of Brown allowing them to go past. He, however, found means of appeasing them, and by recompensing them for their trouble, restored equanimity to Satan's deputy. When Brown related the above to me, I asked him if he did not feel afraid during his trip that it was all up with him. He said he never gave it a thought, and never lost his presence of mind; but was mostly engaged in cursing his awkwardness in not getting aboard. I reminded him of the proverb,—"Those who are born to be hung will never be drowned."—"Come, come, none of that," said he "let's liquor."

BATTER.

## WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22.

(Before E. H. Carew, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

OWEN O'NEILL v. GUSTAVUS RENDALL. Claim, £4 10s. 9d. for wages. Mr F. J. W. for complainant; Mr Allanby for defendant. Plea "Not indebted." The case presented a feature of public interest. After a protracted hearing, the Warden gave judgment for amount claimed, together with 8s. costs of Court, professional costs, and 15s. witness's expenses, the whole to be paid within one month.

### APPLICATION.

Protection.—A. Sutherland, Stonewall Gully, Nevis, thirty days, (on account of inclement weather): granted.

Water Rates.—Wm. Phillipi applied for a sluice-head from the 9½-mile creek, Proprietor Flat. The application was objected to by J. Hurley, on the ground that he (the objector) had been for four years past in certificated possession of a right to one sluice-head from the same creek for irrigation purposes. The objector stated that the applicant had on several previous occasions attempted to obtain possession of the water, but that Mr Warden Pyke had invariably refused to grant him a right to any portion of it. His Worship said that as it was admitted that the applicant had on several previous occasions attempted to obtain possession of the water, but that Mr Warden Pyke had invariably refused to grant him a right to any portion of it, was only half a head usually running in the creek, and that the right to a full head was held by the objector, a second right to the water could not be granted.—Edmund Elliott and another applied for permission to carry six sluice-heads of water across the main road from their dam near Felton's Hotel, Dunstan Gorge. The Warden read a letter he had received from the District Engineer, objecting to the grant on the ground that the race would injure the roadway, but stating that the objection would be withdrawn if certain conditions were complied with by the applicants. The application was adjourned *sine die*.

Dam.—The same party's application for leave to construct a dam was dealt with in the same manner as the foregoing.

Extended Claims.—Several applications for acre claims were ordered to be advertised.

Tail Race.—The application of Ah Tie and four others, Nevis Gorge, was granted.

## PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

The County Council of Hokitika have voted L.500 for the discovery of 100 tons of quartz, to produce not less than 100 ounces of gold.

It is expected that the usual grant of L.23,000 made by the General Assembly for Militia and Volunteers, will be reduced this session to such an extent as to virtually put an end to the Volunteer movement throughout New Zealand.

The correct return of the crushing from the Golden fleece claim at Reefton was 879oz from 342 tons.

During a heavy gale which recently occurred at the Thames, the Albion tramway was washed away by the sea, and fell on two houses. A heavy frame of the tramway fell upon a man and his wife in bed,—in such a manner that they had to be released by the neighbours; yet they were unhurt.

At the Thames, a man named James Morin has been fined L.50 for a breach of the Stamp Act in signing an unstamped share transfer.

Very few of the Coromandel mining companies appear to be self-supporting. A late issue of the local paper says that no less than seven companies are making fresh calls upon the shareholders.

A suggestion having been made to the Wellington Post that, seeing that the small-pox infection is carried through the mail-bags, the telegraph wires may also be instrumental in the same direction, that paper has recommended that the telegraph posts be vaccinated.

One of Mr Brogden's recently imported navvies is serving a sentence of two months for trying to beat out a man's brains against a stone.

Auckland is said to be able to boast of a greater number of drunkards and vagrants than any other Province in the Colony.

During a heavy snowstorm which prevailed lately in the Mount Ida district,—and, indeed, over the most part of the Province,—a miner resident in Speck Gully, on his return home, was unable to find his domicile, the whole affair being buried in snow. A dog on the chain was also buried.

In the Wellington Province, good wages can be made at pig-killing. One individual, after completing a contract to kill 500 wild pigs at 4d a head, killed 90 in two days, at 6d a head.

In the debate in the Assembly on the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill, Mr Tairāea, one of the Maori members, suggested reform in a new direction:—In his opinion it was absurd to wait till the death of a wife to marry her sister—the Maori custom was infinitely preferable; he failed to see why honourable members should not have half a dozen wives.

A providential escape from a serious if not fatal accident occurred one evening recently to two children travelling in a coach from Ararua to Hokitika. As the matter has been related to the *Herald* and *Times*, a wedding party was going down to Hokitika, and just as the coach started the horses bolted. With a courage that cannot be sufficiently commended, the driver jumped off, leaving the horses, coach, and passengers to arrange the affair between themselves. The passengers, however, were not to be outdone in gallant bravery, for they also contrived to scramble out, leaving, with a humanity quite beyond praise, the two children in the vehicle. The horses galloped on, and having at length expended their superfluity of spirit, trotted up to the stables in Hokitika, without having done any damage, although they passed several vehicles on their way to town. The children were unhurt, though certainly somewhat scared.

## GENERAL NEWS.

An Auckland telegram states that at a sale of flax, nearly all the lots were purchased for shipment to America.

It is stated in a New South Wales paper that sugar now manufactured on some of the plantations of that Colony is equal to the finest kinds imported from the Mauritius. The price at the mill is £32 per ton.

The magnitude of mining fluctuations in Melbourne was vividly illustrated a few days ago, when the oscillation in a valuable and favourite stock showed variation to the extent of £84,000 in about forty-eight hours.

The last annual report of the Inspector of Bankruptcy reveals the fact that during the last twelve months 453 bankrupts filed their schedules in this Colony. They were divided as follows:—Auckland, 78; Canterbury, 89; Nelson, 21; Otago, 116; Wellington, 46; Taranaki and Hawke's Bay, 20; Greymouth, 42; and Westland, 41.

A publican in Christchurch has been fined £6 for supplying a man with liquor while intoxicated,—the magistrate remarking that, when the friends of a man were trying to keep him from ruinous drinking, it was very wrong that publicans should supply him with drink, and encourage him as it were. It seems that the publican had been repeatedly warned by the police not to supply the individual in question, who appears to be a dipsomaniac, with liquor.

The Princess Royal of Prussia is said to be engaged on a work entitled "Female Labour in Germany," the object of which is the enlightenment of the British public with regard to the resources of female workers in her adopted country, and the suggestion of the same domestic activity amongst the women and girls of the working classes in England. Her Royal Highness has made herself highly popular in Berlin by her attention to the education of the poor.

Mr Brogden has not got his labourers on such cheap terms as we were first led to suppose. In the first place, the Messrs Brogden had to provide them with passages; in the second, they had to furnish them with outfits, varying from a cost of £2 to £7; they pay their fares to London, find them bedding and mess utensils, and lastly guarantee them work in this Colony for two years at 5s. a day. In some cases, the men leave their wives and families behind them, and the latter receive 12s. a week while the men remain in Messrs Brogden's employ. The men are at liberty to work for other employers before the two years expire, on paying what they owe to Messrs Brogden.

Bishop Perry, of Melbourne, in replying to the address presented to him on the celebration of the 25th year of his episcopate, in thanking the members of other denominations than his own for taking part in the movement, expressed an opinion that the differences existing among the various Protestant churches in matters of belief and ecclesiastical discipline did not justify their separation, and that they ought all to be united in one outward communion. It would be a remarkable result of the happy separation between Church and State which now exists through Australia if the various Protestant churches should become united. The Presbyterians have already set the example.

There has been a singular case of attempting to jump the line of the long tunnel at Addison's Flat, which will likely come before the Court in Westport. The long tunnel party are engaged driving a tunnel 4000ft. long. Having completed over 3500ft., a party from Westport has marked out and applied for a lease including their line of tunnel, a little ahead of where they have driven up to. Our legislators seem never to have contemplated any tunnel longer than 1000ft.; so that the original party have been unable to get any protection for a requisite amount of ground to make their tunnel secure, unless they had leased ground on the whole length of tunnel, which would be a very expensive affair.—*Grey River Argus*.

Travelling in Coromandel must be attended with difficulties, and not without dangers, to judge by the following from the *Mail* of the 23rd ult.:—"The late heavy rain has made havoc in many instances with our roads, and the effect is severely felt by the carter. Yesterday afternoon a team was returning from Lynch's Flat with an empty sleigh, and while attempting to cross a small watercourse just below the John Bull claim, one of the horses got his forefeet into a soft place, which caused him to swerve, and get off what is at present called a road into a sort of moss swamp, from which the poor animal was unable to extricate himself. A number of men and two horses made several ineffectual attempts to drag him from his dangerous position, but at the time our reporter left the beast was buried up to within six inches of his back."

From late Thames papers, we take the following items:—The celebrated "Can-Can" dance has been performed at the Thames and in Auckland. Much disgust has been occasioned thereby.—In the latter end of July, halfstones fell as large as goose eggs. One individual who went out in the fury of the storm, was nearly knocked senseless.—A bullock, which was only recently landed, while being driven down the street towards the slaughteryard, became infuriated. After nearly killing a man, it made its way into the bar of the Thames hotel, and there it "played up" considerably, breaking many of the liquor-bottles and decanters, and spilling much valuable liquor.—A man named John Lawlor was killed in the Caledonian mine at the Thames on July 30. While he was removing mullock in the tunnel, a large block of stone fell from the wall on to him. He lived only a few hours.

## Romance of Blighted Love.

The *New York Times* tells the following curious but lamentable story:—A short time ago there died in San Francisco, one of the most singular residents of the Pacific Slope. His name was William Hower, and he was English by birth, and a surgeon by profession. The Golden City has long been known as a kind of Mecca for eccentric people; but of all the oddities who have found their way thither, Dr Hower was perhaps the most remarkable. He was Timon and Shylock and Kotzque's Stranger rolled into one. For fourteen years no living soul has been allowed to enter the room he occupied. In it he appeared to live a life of abject poverty; and in it were found, after his death, cash and securities to the extent of thousands, besides a rich store of precious gems. This strange man was born at Exeter, England, in 1788. He studied medicine, and got his degree from the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, in 1810. Soon after, he obtained a commission in an artillery regiment. He was a man of fine powers and delicate imagination; warm sympathies and sensitiveness endowed him with the susceptibility both to pleasure and pain, common to the possessors of such qualities, and which makes the issue of their lives so critically doubtful. Hower fell in love with a beautiful girl, who at first returned his passion, but who seems to have been as capricious as she was fair. A few years of happiness followed, and then came bitter sorrow. Mrs Hower went off with a "friend" of her husband's, an officer in the same regiment, and the husband was never thereafter the same man. He became a misanthrope and a wanderer on the face of the earth. Withdrawing from society, he lived for the most part in gloomy seclusion, enlivened at times by outbreaks of furious revelry. Only one thing besides drink alone appeared to have any charm for him; and that was to ship as surgeon on vessels bound for long passages. It was in this way that he came to San Francisco. He arrived there in the *Agincourt*, just after the time of Captain Sutter's memorable discovery, and when the whole Western world was aglow with the rage for gold. The vacant place in his heart was ever after filled by an aim at insane avarice. He began to lend money for usury on diamonds, watches, and other valuables, and he hoarded up his treasures with the jealous cunning of a magpie. Virtually, he became a pawnbroker, although he disdained the appellation, and would haughtily resent its being applied. When stray Englishmen of education turned up in San Francisco, the recluse would sometimes emerge from his den, and embark with them in frantic orgies that neither age nor shame ever restrained. When thus excited, he would occasionally exhibit huge diamonds and pearls, Yuba river gold of the finest quality, and strange old-fashioned jewels. In these accumulations he took the greatest pride; and although it was notorious that he possessed them, oddly enough he never was robbed. Probably he took unusual precautions to guard his property, and, in truth, quite a magazine of arms was found in his room at the last. The scene in that room when Hower's body was discovered, would make a terrible and impressive subject for a painter. The old man's body, clothed in quaint, particoloured rags, was found bent backwards over an old chair—the dead eyes open and staring upwards, the white hair sweeping the ground. He had been gloating over a box of trinkets, and there was a burnt-out lamp by its side. All round was a strange medley of filth and finery. Broken spittoons and rich bits of carpets, dried herrings and diamonds; pieces of brass and iron, and silver-plate emblazoned with armorial bearings, strings of onions and of pearls, beer bottles and Etruscan vases, pawn tickets, commissions, uniforms, and foul platters, were all mingled in wild confusion. Besides all these there was one oil-picture—that of a lovely woman—she, no doubt, who was the cause of all this wreck and waste—the sign and token of a perverted nature, a crushed heart, and a broken life.

## Sunday Recreation in England.

A great social revolution is gradually but surely taking place in Great Britain in reference to the amusements and recreation of the people on the Sabbath day. The report of the Council of the National Sunday League, which has lately been made public in England, contains some very interesting statistics. "The operations," says a letter lately received, "of the league during the last year have included lectures and musical entertainments at St. George's Hall under the title of 'Sunday Evenings for the People,' which have been held for 26 consecutive Sunday evenings. The number of visitors has been 21,000, and the receipts over £630. The success attending the monthly Sunday railway excursions has been so encouraging that during the present season, commencing in May, excursions under the auspices of the league would be made every Sunday until October. The number of excursionists carried last season has been 23,000, and the receipts £3404." The movement seems to be gaining favour in the provinces, as the Town Council of Birmingham has resolved by a large majority to open the Art Museum in that town on the Sunday afternoon, and the Liverpool Town Council intend to follow in their wake. In London great efforts are being made to have the picture and art galleries open to those who have only the Sabbath day on which to enjoy and improve themselves.

"The Sunday League," says another writer on the subject, "are persistent in their duties in endeavouring to supply the working community with good and wholesome recrea-

tion on the Sunday. For a long time the league has worked most energetically in order to have the museums opened on a Sunday, and in furtherance of that object waited upon the Marquis of Ripon and Mr Forster at the Privy Council office, to memorialise the Government in favour of the Sunday opening of the South Kensington Museum, with the celebrated Sheepshanks collection of pictures. It was urged that by the opening of the Kensington Museum, and other such educational establishments, on Sunday, a great boon would be conferred upon the working classes, who had few other opportunities for mental improvement. Although," continued the writer, "the league were opposed to any aggravation of Sunday labour it was contended that the adoption of this step would benefit the population of the metropolis at large, while the extra number employed need be but few. The movement is essentially a working-class one, and only a minority—of no doubt many well-meaning people—were opposed to it. The donor of the Sheepshanks collection is entirely in favour of the scheme. With reference to the British Museum and the National Gallery some technical difficulties might arise, but there are none in the case of Kensington, where there is every facility and convenience for lighting the building at night. The members of the Cabinet, while acknowledging the weight of the arguments adduced by Sir Charles Dilke and others, promised that most serious attention should be given to them, as the question involved certain considerations, especially the tone of public opinion on the matter. On one point all seem to agree, that it would have the effect of preventing so much drunkenness as now disgraces London on the Sabbath day."

## Singular Mining Accident.

Mr James Hanson, who is engaged mining in El Dorado Gulch, Idaho City, went from the claim to shut off the water, and in a steep gulch or ravine under the ditch started to prospect some ground, when, all at once, without warning, the whole side hill, capped with a huge bank of snow, caved and slid down the ravine a distance of about seven hundred feet, burying Hanson up and carrying him along with the sliding mass the entire distance. Hanson's dog shortly afterwards appeared on the claim where Mr Kelly, Hanson's partner, was working; and, covered with mud, made some curious demonstrations to attract Kelly's attention, but thinking that the dog had only been chasing some gophers, Kelly did not follow him, and the dog returned to the scene of the catastrophe. About two or three hours after that one of the ditch-tenders on Wills' ditch had his attention attracted by the dog, and heard somebody's voice crying out for help, and on repairing to the place he found Hanson covered up with the exception of his head, which he had managed to get above the sand and debris. Assistance being called, four men worked for three quarters of an hour before they could extricate him from his perilous position, and when they succeeded in releasing him he was found to be almost literally flayed alive. The sliding of the sand and snow over him, down the steep ravine, had torn every stitch of his clothes, and rasped the skin off of him as though he had been rubbed with sand-paper. His long gun boots were rolled down so tight around his ankles that they could only be removed by cutting them off. The unfortunate man was carried to his cabin, and on the arrival of the doctor it was found that though badly injured, no bones were broken, and that Hanson is in a fair way for recovery. It was certainly a miraculous escape, and he may well congratulate himself that the injuries are no worse.

## Appeal to the Law.

Society, which begun in self-reliance, and which, without that quality even more fully developed than we see it in animals, could not have begun to exist, seems to lay down at its maturity the very weapons by which it was gained. A social citizen retains his anger, and even suspends his right of self-defence. Natural advantages are not profited by. Instead of returning the blow, he seeks the police and the magistrate. With clean hands, he enters the court, and demands the protection of the laws he obeys. Yet this very man probably may have commanded armies, or slain wild beasts, or tamed the most stubborn steed. Cribb, the prize-fighter, was termed "The Champion of England." Like most of his culling, he despised needless quarrelling, and by many better men than the writer was thought to be both sensible and humane. Walking the streets, he met in collision a hasty gentleman turning a corner. Cribb raised his hat, and "begged pardon." But the gentleman had taken lessons from Belcher. Up were his mauleys,—one, two, three,—and blows were planted in Cribb's face. Claret flowed. Cribb collared him with his long left arm, and as he held him in an iron vice, thus addressed him, not striking. "Were I, young sir, to lay my right hand on you, a month's sickness, at the very least, were yours. I shall do no such thing. I shall give you into custody, and demand protection from the law." This was done, and at the police court Tom Cribb modestly stated his case. "I am, may it please your worship, a publican; have been a prize-fighter. So long as I conduct myself peaceably and well, I am not to be insulted, and I am not to be compelled to beat people merely because of my former life. I ought not to be liable to the dangers of injuring them seriously as well as of being annoyed myself daily. I charge this man with assault."

## Wanted, A Religion.

We want a religion (says a late American magazine) that goes into the family, and keeps the husband from being angry when the dinner is late, and keeps the dinner from being late—keeps the wife from fretting when the husband tracks the newly-washed floor with his muddy boots, and makes the husband mindful of the scraper and doormat—keeps the mother patient when the baby is cross, and keeps the baby pleasant, amuses the children as well as instructs them, wins as well as governs—projects the honeymoon into a harvest moon, bearing in its bosom at once the beauty of the tender blossom and the glory of the ripened fruit. We want a religion that bears heavily, not only on the "exceeding sinfulness of sin," but on the exceeding rascality of lying and stealing. A religion that banishes small measures from the counters, small baskets from the stall, pebbles from the cotton bags, clay from the paper, sand from the sugar, chicory from coffee, otter from butter, beet juice from vinegar, alum from bread, strychnine from wine, and water from milk-cans. The religion that is to save the world will not put all the big strawberries at the top, and all the little ones at the bottom. It will not make one half of a pair of boots of good leather and the other half of poor leather, so that the first should redound to the maker's credit, and the second to his cash. It will not put Jouvin's stamp on Jenkins' kid gloves; nor make Paris bonnets in the backroom of a Boston milliner's shop; nor let a piece of velvet that professes to measure twenty yards be nipped in the bud at fourteen and a half; nor the cotton thread spool break to the yard stick fifty of the two hundred of promise that is given to the eye; nor yard-wide cloth measure less than thirty-six inches from selvedge to selvedge; nor all-wool delaines and all-linen handkerchiefs, be amalgamated with clandestine cotton; nor coats made of old rags pressed together be sold to the unsuspecting public for legal broadcloth. It does not put bricks at five dollars per thousand into chimneys it contracts to build of seven-dollar material; nor smuggle white pine into floors that have paid for hard pine; nor leave yawning cracks in closets where boards ought to join; nor daub the ceiling that ought to be smoothly plastered; and make window-blinds with slats that cannot stand the sun, and fastenings that one may look at, but that are on no account to be touched. The religion that is going to sanctify the world pays its debts. It does not consider that forty cents given, is according to the Gospel, though it may be according to law. It looks on a man who has failed in trade, and who continues to live on in luxury, as a thief.

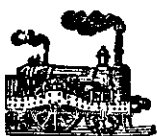
## Row in the House.

The following is from a letter of the Wellington correspondent of the *Daily Times*:—"The only real bit of excitement we have had during the session came very unexpectedly on Thursday evening, when the debate on Mr Reynolds' resolution was proposed to be adjourned. Mr Stafford suggested that the Government should at first declare its opinion regarding the resolution. Mr Fox refused to do so, in a flippant foolish style, absolutely pretending that the Government did not understand what the resolution meant. Unfortunately, Mr Fox said that if Mr Stafford were in his place he would act in the same way. This greatly excited Mr Stafford, who rose, and in a more passionate manner than I ever before saw him exhibit, denied that he would act in such a pusillanimous manner; and, as a proof, referred to the course he had taken on Whitaker's Separation resolutions of 1866. Growing more excited by the recollection, he referred to the 'miserable wretches on the Government benches.' The House appeared electrified, and Mr Stafford repeated the term 'miserable wretches.' Then there was a cry of 'oh! oh!' and the Speaker called Mr Stafford to order. Mr Stafford asked for what, and Mr Speaker pointed out that he had spoken of the occupants of the Ministerial benches as a set of miserable wretches. 'Very well,' replied Mr Stafford, 'I will say like a set of 'miserable wretches' in another place.' Mr Speaker immediately remarked, 'that will be quite in order.' The House laughed at this, but Mr Fox and Mr Gisborne, who were the occupants of the Government benches, did not seem to see or enjoy the joke. Mr Gisborne, in his usual ponderous manner, tried to reprove Mr Stafford when that gentleman had finished; but the attempt was not very successful, and he himself afterwards got a pretty severe dressing down from Mr Wood and Mr Gillies. At a later stage of the proceedings, and after a short adjournment, Mr Stafford withdrew the words he had used, and apologised for their use. Mr Fox and Mr Gisborne also withdrew or explained, and there was a kind of general reconciliation, Mr Speaker Bell winding up like the 'heavy father' in a melodrama, with 'Bless you, my children! bless you!' He did not use these words, but he most forcibly reminded one of them when he crowned the reunion by expressing his great pleasure thereat, and the great pain he experienced in having had to call such a distinguished member of the House to order."

In Cleveland, Ohio, the young unmarried ladies have a steel trap fixed to the waist of the dress, and concealed by a masked pannier. When a young gentleman accidentally places his arm around the weaver's waist, he hears a "click" and finds his arm caught. A big brother with a lamp enters, and the victim sorrowfully starts for the jeweller's to examine wedding rings.



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Reaping, Threshing, and Horse-power Ma-  
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Price's Flax-dressing Machines made. 124

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FIRST-CLASS STABLING.—Horses, Buggies, and  
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This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by  
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fession to be unequalled for its power in replen-  
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all the essential constituents of the blood and  
nerve substance, and for developing all the  
powers and functions of the system to the high-  
est degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in  
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Liver complaints	Trembling of the hands
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Dizziness	Impaired nutrition
Noises in the head and ears	Mental and physical de- pression
Loss of energy and ap- petite	Consumption (in its in- cipient or first stages only)
Hypochondria	Eruptions of the skin
Female complaints	Impaired sight and me- mory
General debility	Nervous fancies
Indigestion	Impoverished blood
Flatulence	Nervous debility in all its stages
Incapacity for study or business	Premature decline
Sick headache	
Lassitude	

and all morbid conditions of the system arising  
from whatever cause. The action of the Phos-  
phodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing  
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vellous medicine for renovating impaired and  
broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves  
the function of assimilation to such a degree,  
that where for years an emaciated, anxious, ca-  
daverous, and semi-vital condition has existed,  
the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and  
firmness, and the whole system return to a state  
of robust health.

The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the  
organisation; for instance, it assists nature to  
generate that human electricity which renews  
and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous,  
membranous, and organic systems. It operates  
on the system without exciting cure or thought  
upon the individual as to the process. It moves  
the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and  
intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness,  
unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human  
structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or  
animating element of life, which has been wasted,  
and exerts an important influence directly on the  
spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive,  
tonic, and invigorating character; maintaining  
that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular  
system which renders the mind cheerful, bril-  
liant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that  
dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which  
many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are  
frequently shown from the first day of its ad-

## Patent Medicines

ministration, by a remarkable increase of nervous  
power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to  
which the patient has long been unaccustomed.  
Digestion is improved; the appetite increases  
wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the  
eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and  
the hair acquires strength, showing the impor-  
tance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nu-  
trition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain  
degree of activity in the previously debilitated  
nervous-system; its use enables all debilitated  
organs to return to their sound state and perform  
their natural functions. Persons suffering from  
Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred sym-  
ptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may  
rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure  
by the judicious use of this most invaluable  
remedy.

## DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at L.1 Is., containing Two  
bottles; and L.2 2s., containing Five bottles;—  
also in family cases at L.5, containing Sixteen  
bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-  
country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies.  
Full directions for use, in the English, French,  
and German languages, accompany each case.

## SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS:

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to  
her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of  
the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that  
in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostra-  
tion he had effected permanent cures by the use  
of Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.

Sir Wm. Ferguson, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to  
her Majesty the Queen, says:—"I have re-  
peatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne  
and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy.  
I have but one objection regarding it, and that is,  
the elaborate process required in the preparation  
will not allow of the retail price being within the  
reach of all classes."

Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says:—  
"Dr Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to en-  
tirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla,  
quinine, and cod-liver oil."

Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hos-  
pital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks:—  
"It cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic  
preparation will henceforth rank foremost in  
therapeutics; it generates all the important ele-  
ments of the human frame, the peculiar character  
of this substance fitting it for vital uses."

Sir T. Lawrence says:—"I have found Dr  
Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in  
skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydisation."

Professor Syme says:—"The effects of the  
Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are as  
astounding as perplexing."

Dr Handfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., phy-  
sician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy,  
and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most  
admirable remedy; it invigorates the nutritive  
functions, and increases the vital energy,—it  
not only acts as an absorbent, but retards or  
repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the  
nutritive functions to their normal condition.

The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of  
the most important contributions made to materia  
medica during the last century.

CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's  
Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad.

Pamphlets containing testimonials may be ob-  
tained from all chemists and up-country store-  
keepers.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand:  
**KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER AND CO.,**  
DUNEDIN.

**A PARADOX!—TO SUFFERERS.**  
**NERVOUSNESS,**  
ITS NATURE AND CURE.

WHAT IS NERVOUSNESS?—Various answers  
might be given to this question, according to  
the constitution and knowledge of the indi-  
vidual. Strong healthy persons, whether medi-  
cally educated or not, generally regard nervous-  
ness as more or less an "imaginary complaint";  
it is sometimes only believed to be real when  
the patient is found to be dying or dead. The  
best answer to the question, probably, is this.—  
NERVOUSNESS IS AN UNNATURAL CONDITION OF  
THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. Sometimes this unnat-  
ural state is accompanied with considerable bodily  
weakness, loss of flesh, and loss of strength; but  
in most cases there is in the earlier stages of the  
disorder no outward sign of weakness. The suf-  
ferers are found in both sexes; they often have  
the bloom of health upon the cheek; they are  
surrounded by kind friends, yet existence to  
them has no charms, for they feel that they can-  
not enjoy it. Without intending it, they annoy  
other people about the merest trifles; if they  
encounter some person unexpectedly they feel  
confused, afraid, and alarmed; the heart beats  
violently, the hand shakes when writing, and  
the whole frame at times experiences a complete  
tremulousness. The intellect also is sometimes  
clouded, the memory fails, the judgment becomes  
indistinct, the will capricious and undecided,  
the taste vitiated, the imagination broods upon  
unpleasant topics, the spirits are either very low  
or very excited, the ordinary duties of life be-  
come burdensome, society is shunned, and busi-  
ness neglected.

A STRANGE SPECTACLE.—It is certainly  
strange, but not the less true, that perfectly  
sane persons in the prime of life, with firm step  
and healthy countenance, may occasionally be  
met with, who, in spite of possessing all the  
advantages of education, religion, ample means,  
and kind friends, nevertheless are victims of the  
nervousness above described; unhappy them-  
selves, they render other people unhappy. Why  
is this? What cause has operated to change the  
cheerful, active, obliging, unsuspecting, and un-  
complaining youth into the unhappy, drowsy,  
listless, suspicious, and gloomy misanthrope?  
Many causes, or one cause only, may operate to  
produce this sad state: the cause may be either  
mental or physical, or both combined.

ATTEMPTS TO CURE NERVOUSNESS by means of  
ordinary tonics have so frequently proved fruit-  
less, that the leading physicians now for the  
most part recommend hygienic means, such as  
exercise in the open air, regular habits, sea-  
bathing, the cold bath friction; change of air  
and scene, as in travelling. If all these fail, as  
they often do, what is to be done?

## Patent Medicines

THE ANSWER will be found by carefully  
using the following Work:—

Ninth Edition; Post Free, 1s. 4d.  
**NERVOUS DEBILITY**  
Its Cause and Cure,  
With Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration  
Health.

Applications for a copy of the above Work  
must be accompanied by the amount in New  
Zealand or other stamps, also a properly directed  
envelope.

ADDRESS:  
**CHARLES SENNET, Agent,**  
Brooklyn House, Flagstaff Gardens, Melbourne.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!  
**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT**

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, &c.  
Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can  
assist the healing properties of this excellent in-  
ment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy  
appearance whenever this medicament is applied.  
A sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the  
wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is  
arrested, and a complete and permanent cure  
quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may  
with certainty be cured by the sufferers them-  
selves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and  
closely attend to the printed instructions. It  
should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring  
parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed.  
A poultice of bread and water may some-  
times be applied at bed-time with advantage; the  
scrupulous cleanliness must be observed.  
Those who read this paragraph will bring it under  
the notice of such of their acquaintance whom  
may concern, they will render a service which  
will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflamma-  
tion and subduing pain in these complaints in the  
same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and  
purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they  
drive all inflammation and depravities from the  
system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the  
joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and  
uncontracted. A cure may always be effected  
even under the worst circumstances, if the use  
of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other  
Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the ef-  
fects of relief and speediest cure can be readily ob-  
tained of all complaints affecting the skin and  
joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment  
and Pills. But it must be remembered that al-  
most all skin diseases indicate depravity of the  
blood and derangement of the liver and stomach;  
consequently, in many cases, time is required to  
purify the blood, which will be effected by a judi-  
cious use of the Pills. The general health will  
readily be improved, although the eruption may  
be driven out more freely than before; and this  
should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps,  
and all other Derangements of the  
Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the  
Ointment should be well rubbed, at least three  
a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest,  
so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced  
into meat. This course will at once remove in-  
flammation and ulceration. The worst case  
will yield to this treatment if the printed direc-  
tions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the  
Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's  
purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double ac-  
tion of purifying the blood and strengthening the  
system renders them more suitable than any  
other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous  
nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stom-  
ach, and bowels, being much deranged, require  
purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the  
following Disorders:

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chiefo-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Glandular Swellings	Elephantiasis
Lumbago	Chapped Hands
Piles	Corns (soft)
Rheumatism	

There is a considerable saving by taking the  
larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients  
in every disorder are affixed to each box, and  
can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

**Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):**

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